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The Chinook Advance

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PROVINCE
JULY 5 1928

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Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, July 5, 1928

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance



Personal Tailoring

Correctly styled for you and every man of every build, are Semi-ready suits; and with this style you get something that no one else can put into suits—that is Semi-ready personal, distinctive fit and quality.

Come in, run your eyes over our new Rainbow Fastolites, sense their beauty, mellowness and smooth finish, and have a suit tailored to your individual measurement in styles of your own choosing.

Shrinkless, fadeless, with smooth tailoring qualities and finish. Produced by the Bradford Dyers' Association exclusively for Semi-ready.

Semi-ready TAILORING

ACADIA PRODUCE CO.

Chinook AGENTS Alberta

LOOK FOR THE LABEL IN THE POCKET

LOCAL ITEMS

School closed last Friday for the summer vacation.

W. S. Falconer purchased a Chevrolet truck this week.

Miss Dorothy Carter was a visitor in Hanna on Tuesday.

Miss May Todd is assisting in Hurley's store for a short time.

Born—On Tuesday, June 26th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Rosenau, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones were visitors in Hanna over the week end.

Marjorie Milligan is visiting her aunt, Mrs. T. Mason, at Rearville this week.

Mrs. L. Robinson, who has been ill with quinsy, is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Smith and son went to Calgary Sunday night for a week's visit.

Miss Thomas, school teacher at Laughlin, left for her home in Okotoks on Wednesday.

Miss L. Gingles, nurse, left for Calgary Wednesday, where she intends spending a week or two.

Misses Dorothy and Audrey Neff went to Calgary Sunday night for a two weeks' visit with friends.

Peter Vandervoort, assistant manager at the Acadia Hotel, went to Granum on Saturday for a short vacation.

David Stewart, who has spent the spring on his farm in this district, returned to his home at Kew on Saturday.

W. S. Korek, school principal, left on Tuesday for his home at Strathmore, where he intends spending a part of his vacation.

I. W. Deman, C. E. Neff, A. J. Munford and O. H. Mielke accompanied the baseball club to the sports in Hanna last Monday.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Robert Thayer in the Cereal Hospital, on Sunday, June 24th, a daughter, Marjorie Marie Thayer—Cereal Recorder.

W. A. Rideout, school teacher from Saskatchewan, arrived in Chinook on Saturday, to spend his vacation with his brother, C. W. Rideout.

Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair, of Saskatoon, visited at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. R. Stewart, this week. Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair are motoring through to Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. K. L. Parks, of Sibbald, purchased a Nash car in Calgary last week, and while motoring back visited Mr. and Mrs. W. Milligan in Chinook on Monday.

The Chinook Baseball Club, accompanied by several fans, took in the sports at Hanna on Monday and enjoyed a good time. Chinook met Rowley in the afternoon session of the tournament, but lost out in the game.

Mr. Chas. Sarah, of Three Hills, Alberta, has rented two rooms in the building formerly occupied by the Chinook Meat Market, and is opening a barber shop. The building has been renovated and painted, ready for occupation and Mr. Sarah has ordered a new chair and the necessary furniture from Calgary. He expects to be ready for business by the end of the week.

Public School Promotions

Promoted from Grade 1 Sr. to Grade 2 Sr. with honors, Mary Schmidt, Joyce Milligan, Rudolph Peifer, William Hormann.

Grade 1 Jr. to Grade 2 Jr., Jack Lee, Alice Gilbertson, Agnes Martens, Siegfried Peters, John Schmidt, Audrey Rideout, Marcel Massey, Isobel Vanhook, George Schmidt, Jack Sandman.

Grade 1 Jr. to Grade 1 Sr., Arthur Peifer, Eileen Proudfoot, Freda Hormann.

Grade 2 to Grade 3, with honors Jimmy Proudfoot, John Jenzen, Edith McLean, Gilbert Gilbertson, Virginia Dressel, Ernest Hormann, Lorra Chapman, Freddy Demaere, Robert Sandman, Eva Lynn Dawson. Passed, George Dick, Johnny Kautz.

Grade 2 to Grade 2 Sr., Everett Vennard, Billie Johnson

Grade 3 to 4, with honors, Kathleen Proudfoot, Arthur Loader, Mildred Brownell, Gabrielle Massey, Ruth Hurley, Allan Carter.

Passed, Chester Rideout, Sara Neufeld (doing grade 4 arithmetic) Aron Voth (doing grade 4 arithmetic) Evelyn Vennard (conditioned in history), Hellene Koseau (conditioned in literature) Walter Rosenau, Billie McKittrick (conditioned in history and nature study); Harold Dressel, (conditioned nature study, literature and history) Norman Marr, (conditioned Nature study, literature and history) Norman Jacques failed.

Grade 4 to 5, Jack Johnston, Ross Sandman, Bruce Young, Lorna McLean, Maurice Massey, Wesley Gilbertson, Dean Tomkins, Jack Loader (conditioned in spelling), Myrtle O'Malley (conditioned in Arithmetic), Florence Marr failed.

Grade 5 to 6, Keith Wright, Lydia Janzen, Frank Marcy, Bill Marcy, Mabel Gilbertson, Milton Dressel, Grace O'Nalley, Raymond Vennard, Lorine Rideout, Robert McLean, Lyle Milligan (conditioned in geography), Nela Dick, Helen Dawson (conditioned in arithmetic), Ernest Gilbertson (conditioned in composition)

Marks and tests in book, Grade 6 to 7 with honors, Bettie Milligan, Passed, Marjorie Tomkins, Kenneth Dawson, Ira Rennie, Geraldine Elliott, Fred Vennard, Lester Marr, (conditioned Albert Marr).

Grade 7 to 8 with honors, Celestine Dressel, Marjorie Lee, John Howton, Margaret McLean, Margaret Peters.

Passed Jean Macintosh, Harmon Vanhook. Conditioned Norman O'Malley, Clayton Elliott.

The Chinook Agric. Society's Membership Drive

The Chinook and District Agricultural Society are putting on a competition for membership. The Society is offering \$3.00 for first prize, \$2.00 for second and \$1.00 for third prize for the girl selling the greatest number of membership tickets for the Society. All information and tickets for this competition can be obtained from the secretary, W. A. Todd. As prospects are bright for a good show this year, this is a good time to go out for an increased membership and it should be easy to sell the tickets.

Jos. Deman, of Calgary, visited his brother, I. W. Deman, and family for a few days last week.

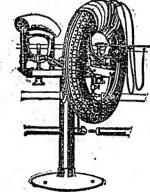
We Stock
Anything You
Need In



Dry Goods
and
Groceries

HURLEY'S
CHINOOK ALBERTA

Our Repairs Save Tires



Our repairs are made by Firestone factory methods—in other words, the injured section of your tire is reconstructed just the same as the tire was built originally.

The injury is therefore eliminated and your tire is restored to the same good condition it had before it was bruised, cut or blown. Our prices are very reasonable.

WE USE **Firestone** FACTORY METHODS
COOLEY BROS. GARAGE
CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

A Few Special Buys

Auto Slop Razors, complete with 10 blades and Slop \$1.00

Straight Razors, regular \$2.00 for \$1.00

Heavy Screen Doors, \$4.00 each Screen Windows, 75¢

Engineers' Wrenches, set of 7 for \$1.40

Paris Green, 55¢ a pound

Banner Hardware
Chinook, Alta.

A Little Gopher Poison

A little time will save lots of grain.

Protect Your Potatoes Against Potato Bugs With
Paris Green

We Have a Complete Line of
Fly Poisons

YOUR DRUGGIST E. E. JACQUES

Dr. J. ESLER
Physician and Surgeon, Cereal
Will be at the
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday
and Friday

A Call At The
Chinook Beauty Parlor
will convince you that our
service is reliable
Hair Cutting
Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.
Phone 5

Mrs. W. A. Todd purchased a new Whippet car last week.

Mrs. J. E. Thompson entertained a few ladies at two tables of bridge Tuesday evening.

Miss Norma Hurley left Saskatoon this week to spend her vacation in Toronto, Ontario, with her sister and other relatives.

In The Summer



In the Summer heat a woman does not enjoy cooking over a hot stove.

We can supply you with the most appetizing of Cooked Ham, Bologna, Veal Loaf, Corned Beef, Etc., ready for the table.

We have the best in Fresh BEEF, VEAL, PORK FISH ON FRIDAYS

Chinook Meat Market

Build A Home of your Own

Cities, towns and villages are all crying shortage of houses, and it's the truth. Isn't it terrible being bumped around from one place to another trying to find a roof to shelter you? What's the use.

Get busy and build your own home now

Our Plans and Service will soon solve this problem for you.

Imperial lumber Yards, Ltd.,

CHINOOK O. L. MIELKE, Mgr. PHONE 12

SHOES SHOES SHOES

We sure have them in colors and styles to suit everyone
TWELVE LINES MEN'S DRESS SHOES
EIGHT LINES MEN'S WORK SHOES
Sizes in all

I now have the best line of BOYS' SHOES I ever carried

NURSERY LINE for Misses and Kiddies

WATSON'S GLOVES

S. H. SMITH

Phone '14.

Chinook

Your Grocer Recommends It

Blue Ribbon Tea
250 Cups to the Pound

Another Step Toward Permanent Peace

Throughout the years of the Great War, the people of the allied nations were repeatedly told that it was a war to make the world safe for democracy, "a war to end war." And when at last the great struggle ended and the League of Nations came into being it was thought that, with the bitter experience of the war fresh in all minds, there would be little hesitation on the part of any country to join the League, and that, with 100 per cent world membership in the League, world disarmament would follow in due course.

The refusal of the United States to have anything to do with the League of Nations—the very country in which the idea originated—came as a rude shock to all lovers and advocates of peace. It discouraged Europe, reawakened all the old fears, and actually led to renewed activity in the piling up of armaments. Nevertheless, the League struggled on, gaining new adherents, and, with each succeeding success in settling international disputes and preventing open ruptures, the League grew in strength and prestige. Nonetheless, so long as the United States remained about it was felt that the structure for world peace was imperfect and insecure.

Because of this fact, the recent action of Mr. Kellogg, United States Secretary of State, in inviting the nations of the world to enter into a multilateral treaty to outlaw war, was enthusiastically welcomed by all lovers of peace, and nowhere quite so heartily as in Canada and other parts of the British Empire.

Already fifteen nations, including, with the exception of Russia, all the Great Powers, have signified their willingness to sign such a treaty. The draft of this momentous international document is brief and to the point, and as it may well prove to be the Magna Charta of world peace, it is worthy of the widest possible reproduction in order that all people, everywhere, may read it. The preamble, in part, is as follows:

"Deeply sensible of their solemn duty to promote the welfare of mankind;

"Persuaded that the time has come when a frank renunciation of war as an instrument of national policy should be made to the end that the peaceful and friendly relations now existing between their peoples may be perpetuated;

"Convinced that all changes in their relations with one another should be sought only by pacific means and be the result of a peaceful and orderly process, and that any signatory power which shall hereafter seek to promote its national interests by resort to war should be denied the benefits furnished by this treaty;

"Hopeful that, encouraged by their example, all the other nations of the world will join in this humane endeavor, and by adhering to the present treaty as soon as it comes into force, bring peoples within the scope of its beneficent provisions, thus uniting the civilized nations of the world in a common renunciation of war as an instrument of their national policy."

Then follows the names of the fifteen nations who have signified their willingness to sign such a treaty, namely: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany, Great Britain, India, Irish Free State, Italy, Japan, New Zealand, Poland, South Africa, United States of America, and Turkey.

To what do they agree? Having approved the declarations in the preamble quoted above, they bind themselves as follows:

"Article I. The high contracting parties solemnly declare in the names of their respective peoples that they condemn recourse to war for the solution of international controversies, and renounce it as an instrument of national policy in their relations with one another.

"Article II. The high contracting parties agree that the settlement or solution of all disputes or conflicts of whatever nature or of whatever origin they may be, which may arise among them, shall never be sought except by pacific means.

"Article III. The present treaty shall be ratified by the high contracting parties named in the preamble in accordance with their respective constitutional requirements and shall take effect as between them as soon as all their several instruments of ratification shall have been deposited at (_____).

"This treaty shall, when it has come into effect as prescribed in the preceding paragraph, remain open as long as may be necessary for adherence by all the other powers of the world. Every instrument evidencing the adherence of power shall be deposited at (_____), and the treaty shall immediately upon such deposit become effective as between the power thus adhering and the other powers parties thereto."

That is the whole document, beautiful in its simplicity, momentous in its sweeping renunciation of war under any and all circumstances. It does not replace the League of Nations, but adds power and strength to it. No loopholes are left, and should any nation signing this treaty ever again resort to war it would become, as never before, an outlaw among the nations.

Substitutes Cards For Pistol

Affair Of Honor In Czechoslovakia Settled In New Way

Pistols have given way to cards in the settlement of "affairs of honor" in Czechoslovakia, judging by the method adopted by a business man at Brno, near Prague, to avenge an insult.

An engineer in the town is said to have given offence to the business man, who challenged him to a duel.

Vacationists!

You'll find many uses for Minard's during your vacation days. Pack a bottle in your grip.



W. N. U. 1740

A Wonderful Performance

Recent Flight Over Pacific Was Great Achievement For Fliers.

The great flight over the Pacific Ocean by the Australian Captain Kingsford-Smith, leader, and his companions, puts British prestige at the peak in this form of endeavor. The "Southern Cross" winged its way to fame under control of four men, each performing an essential task in making the trip scientifically safe and sane. This feature alone raises the Pacific flight out of the category of regular daredevil stunts and enhances notably the merit of the performance. Regular radio reports received from the Southern Cross during its flight robbed the journey of some sensational features beloved of the crowd, but detracted not a bit from the glory won by the fliers. Their accomplishment is the more valuable because they made use of every possible device to combat the fury of the elements with man's most powerful weapons.

HOW DELICATE GIRLS ARE MADE STRONG

Rich, Red Blood Needed To Keep Up Their Vitality

It should be borne in mind that pale, bloodless girls are plenty of evidence of plenty of sleep and regular out-of-doors exercise. But a lack of appetite and tired, aching limbs tend to hinder progress. To save the weak, tea-blended softener, sugar water, and a little ginger root will make a case of this kind so well as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills not only enrich and increase the blood supply, but help the appetite and aid digestion, relieve pain, and restore the body to a bringing new health and strength and transforming anemic girls and women into cheerful, happy people.

The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the case of anemic girls is proved by Miss Lucy Stoddart, Margareville, N.Y., who says: "From the age of 12 to 15, I was in an anemic condition. I was very thin and nervous, had no appetite and had difficulty to take care of myself. I was always tired. My mother got tonic after tonic for me, but they did me very little good. Then Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended and almost from the first I found myself in a condition which needed to restore my strength. After taking the pills for a time I felt an altogether different girl. I got up in the morning feeling bright and active, and especially for a girl like myself who has always taken a couple of boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the spring as a tonic and have thus kept in the best of condition."

Every weak girl should promptly follow the example of Miss Stoddart, feeling sure that the pills will renew her health. You can get the pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Show Canadian Films

Views Of Canada To Be Shown In British and Central Europe

"Selina Canada" films, made by Canadian Government, will be shown from 300 to 500 British theatres this year as well as in Germany and Central Europe, says Captain Frank Badgley, M.C., director of the Canadian Government Motion Picture Bureau, upon his return from Great Britain. He expressed a belief that in the near future Canada would become an important field for the British Empire pictures.

Eskimo Census Taken

A census of the Eskimo people has just been completed. From the most reliable sources it is estimated that there are 7,013 Eskimos in Canada. Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy.

Yesterday is a waste-basket into which lost opportunities are dumped,

BABY GIRL HAD DIARRHEA WHEN CUTTING TEETH

Mrs. A. J. Murray, Gull Lake, Sask., writes: "Last summer, my baby girl was cutting teeth and became very weak with symptoms of diarrhea. I didn't know just what to do for her as she couldn't retain anything. At last one of my neighbors said to me, ' Haven't you any _____?'

"I wouldn't be without it where there are children."

"My husband went to town and got a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Liniment, which does help her wonderfully, and in three days she was well over the diarrhea and was running around as well as ever."

"Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

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"Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

Minard's Liniment

"Swat the fly with GILLETTS LYE"

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

Use Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Disinfecting

Costs little but always effective



The Sioux Lookout Map Sheet

Where the Miner's Pick Now Displaces the Tomahawk

The Sioux Indians were among the handsomest as well as the most warlike of the aboriginal inhabitants of North America.

Their memory is perpetuated in the Sioux Lookout map sheet of the National Topographic Series, now issued from the press of the Topographical Survey of Canada. The new map embraces an area lying 150 miles north from Lake Superior and adjoining the Lac Seul map sheet on the west.

The town of Sioux Lookout gets its name from the precipitous hill overlooking it. From the top of the hill, in days gone by, the Ojibways whose land it was, kept watch up and down the waterways from raiding Sioux. On one occasion the lookout slept and the Sioux fell upon the camp. They massacred the warriors to a man, and destroyed all the canoes. The women and children with one decrepit old man were marooned upon an island near the site of the present town, and there they starved to death. The island is still called Squaw Island.

This country with its broken lakes and streams, teeming with fish and chafed with rapids and waterfalls is a tourist's paradise. Here are old fur trading posts like Osnaburgh House, founded over a century ago. At historic Lac Seul the chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Company has a four-hole golf course. Ingress to the region is by way of the Canadian National Railways and thereafter by innumerable connecting waterways with launches, tugs, or canoes. This territory is part of the newly discovered mineral horseshoe emblazoned on the area known as the great Canadian shield.

The Sioux Lookout map sheet of the National Topographic Series, on the scale of four miles to the inch, may be obtained in sheet form from the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, for the nominal fee of 25 cents. If desired in folder form or linen backed the fee is 50 cents.

For Both House and Stable. There is a good deal of similarity, physically and biologically, between the house and the lower animals. Both are subject to many ailments arising from inflammation and to all manner of cuts and bruises. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is an entirely reliable remedy for such ailments and helps in both human beings and the lower orders of animals.

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Canadian Arctic Explorer Heads Expedition For Purpose Of Locating the Magnetic Pole

In quest of treasure relics and to conduct important Arctic research work, Major L. T. Burwash, war veteran, Arctic explorer engineer and Canadian government official, will leave shortly on a 5,000 mile jaunt to end in the magnetic pole.

Travelling by rail, boat and dog team, Major Burwash will traverse nearly 900 miles of icy Arctic waters, with only native Eskimos, a stray trapper or fur trader, to assist him to navigate a forty foot government launch. His destination at the magnetic pole cannot be reached until late in September or October. His task will not be completed before the autumn of 1929.

At "the top of the world," Major Burwash will make a scientific examination to determine the extent to which the magnetic pole has shifted since Amundsen made his investigation about 1908. Each year the magnetic pole varies in a westerly direction, and its present position, once secured, will be noted on the charts of mariners who ply the seven seas.

Records of the ill-fated expedition of Sir John Franklin—central figure in the chapter of Arctic exploration of the nineteenth century—will also be sought by Major Burwash. The two ships "Erebus" and "Terror," carrying the Franklin party, met disaster near the magnetic pole in 1845. Some of the records were found on Boothia peninsula, and it is said that one of these ships may be seen in the Arctic ocean somewhere near King William Island or Boothia Peninsula. If this theory is found to be correct, the ship may be lifted to obtain for Canada the invaluable records and relics believed to be aboard her.

Conditions among the Eskimos north of the districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin will be examined by Major Burwash; and his survey in that district will be the first since care of the Eskimos was transferred from the Indian department to the North West Territories and Yukon branch early this year. An examination of navigational conditions in Franklin Strait and Peel Sound will be made; and, in addition, Major Burwash, will investigate the proposed tractor-train route from Wager Bay on the west coast of Hudson Bay to Cockburn Bay south of King William Island.

Us Modern Methods

Birds Ride On Airplanes and Horses On Motor Trucks

Airmen find that birds are not afraid of airplanes as they used to be. Now the birds make use of them to help them along in their flights. It is not uncommon, airmen say, to find ten or twenty birds hooking a ride, all comfortably settled on the machine and being relieved of much effort and fatigue on a long flight.

Not long ago we saw two horses being hauled to market on a motor truck at a swifter pace than any horse ever travelled before. They seemed interested in the scenery. —Capper's Weekly.

To Preserve Children

Take one large grassy field, one half dozen children, two or three small dogs, a pinch of brook and some pebbles. Mix the children and dogs well together and put them in the field, stirring constantly. Pour the brook over the pebbles and sprinkle the field with flowers. Spread over all a deep blue sky and bake in the hot sun. When brown remove and place in a bath tub to cool.—Health Bulletin.

First Lamb—"Do you suppose it's safe to go onto that lawn while the dog's asleep?"

Second Lamb—"Well, I wouldn't gambol on it."



"Look here, why are you following me about all day?"

"For protection. My wife has threatened to beat me!"—Buen Hu, mor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1740

A YOUTHFUL RULER



Martanda Sydney, 12-year-old son of the late Rajah of Pudukota. The rajah died recently of internal complications in the American hospital at Neuilly, Paris. The rajah was 53 years old. He was the ruler of the Indian province of Pudukota, but had his residence in Cannes, while his brother acted as his regent. Martanda Sydney will assume the position held by his father.

Turning the Tables

Automobilist Receives Bill For Damage Done To Locomotive

Tony Straber's warning to automobile owners is this: When driving your car into a railroad train be careful not to damage the locomotive.

Tony's car and a Grand Trunk train were involved in an argument over the right-of-way at Western Avenue near 104th Street, Chicago, last November. The automobile wound up in a ditch in a status described by wreck writers as "twisted wreckage."

Recently Tony got a letter from the Grand Trunk Railroad. It made no mention of his automobile, confining itself to the following succinct sentence:

"Inclosed please find bill for \$29.18 for damage to our locomotive No. 6038."

Getting Over the Difficulty

A man who had great difficulty in spelling words that had "s" and "e" in them mentioned the matter to a friend.

"Oh," said the friend, "I have a splendid remedy for that. It's infallible, too. I've used it for years and never been let down yet."

The first man expressed his delight and interest, then waited for enlightenment.

"The rule is this," the friend declared: "Write your 't' and 'e' exactly alike, and be sure and put your dot exactly between the pair of them."

Not Much Competition

The immigration official was examining an Englishman on his arrival in New York. "And what do you propose to do now you are in the United States?" he inquired.

"Oh, I don't care," replied the Englishman hopefully. "Anything to earn an honest living." "Well, come along in, then," said the official. "I guess there ain't much competition in your line of business."

Up-To-Date Shop

Fifth Avenue, New York, has a shop dealing exclusively in aviation products and accessories. Everything is for sale, from airplane goggles to a commercial ship. The shop maintains hangars on Long Island with a corps of instructors to teach those who make purchases.

The keenest the critic the more cutting the criticism.

ALL FOODS CONTAIN WATER

Body Gets Sufficient Even If People Drink Little

Water is absolutely essential if the body is to keep up its activities. It is necessary not only to aid in building up the tissue, but in order to permit the carrying on of all of the chemical and physical functions that take place.

Most of us get more water than we drink as such through the fact that practically every food substance contains some water and most of the beverages are practically entirely water. Milk contains 88 per cent. water, wines anywhere from 85 to 95 per cent., and even distilled alcoholic drinks are usually more than one-half water.

If both food and water are withheld, life cannot be prolonged for more than eight or ten days. With air and water life can be prolonged for a considerable time, even though food is not given. Professional fasters always drink water during the starvation period. Some of them carry on from three to five weeks without food.

Milk is probably the best of all beverages, particularly when it is taken from properly inspected cows under sanitary conditions, transported under clean conditions—to the place where it is used, and pasturized in most instances before use.

Lemonade and other drinks made from citrus fruits are excellent because they counteract acidity in the body and serve as a valuable source of vitamin C.

Tea and coffee are good beverages if taken in moderation; if taken in excess, overstimulation may result due to an overdose of the drug called caffeine, which has the power of stimulating the higher centers of the brain. Tea varies in its qualities according to the manner in which it is prepared.

One expert recommends that the proper way to make tea is to pour it over the leaves after five minutes, putting it in another warmed teapot.

Soda water, pops and similar beverages have a certain value; due to the amount of carbonate they contain.—By Dr. Morris Fishbein.

Sure To Be Successful

It is yearly becoming more difficult to persuade young doctors to practice in the country. Young doctors who have plenty of courage and determination to succeed and who go to settle in the country and practice their calling there in an intelligent manner make a quicker and bigger success than three-fourths of their colleagues who have settled in the cities. If they do not actually attain great fame, which is reserved for a few, public life often takes hold of them, bringing honors with it.

Must Have Been Some Clock

The Provost of the little Scottish town was noted for his unhappy choice of phrases, but he excelled himself on the occasion of the presentation of a clock and a purse to a local resident who was leaving the town.

"The contents of the purse," said the Provost, "will in time inevitably disappear, but," he added, placing his hands on the clock, "there is something which will never go."

Spain Insures Travellers

Beginning July 1, all persons travelling by rail or water in Spain will be insured against accident, the cost being added to the price of boat or train tickets.

The insurance covers injuries to passengers first and carrier employees next. Proceeds will be devoted to an agency encouraging tours in Spain.

Footprints, taken on the lines of our fingerprint system, are now being used for identifying criminals in Ceylon.

Premier of Newfoundland



Hon. W. S. Monroe, premier of Newfoundland, is to resign office next month, it is reported. Pending a general election in the fall he will probably be succeeded by Sir John Bennett, colonial secretary.

Asphalt Highway Across Canada

Union Of Canadian Municipalities

Has An Ambitious Program

Immediate construction of an asphalt highway right across Canada was urged at the 28th Annual Convention of the Union of Canadian Municipalities at Winnipeg. Dominion and Provincial Governments will be memorialized as to the necessity for such a road. It is estimated that the cost would be \$50,000,000 and construction would occupy five years.

It would afford to motorists access to much of the most beautiful scenery on the continent, and in view of the vast number from the United States who are now touring in Canada each summer the expenditure would not be without direct financial returns.

Developing Talc Industry

Establishment Of A Manufacturing Plant In Calgary Is Being Considered

National Talc, Limited, is considering the establishment of a manufacturing plant in Calgary to utilize the raw talc deposits of the Rocky Mountains. About seven miles of the new road up the Red Earth Valley from Massive to the blue talc property on Red Mountain were constructed last summer and work is again proceeding with the idea of completing the road by August. Production will be started on the blue talc property as soon as weather conditions permit. The American Lava Corporation of Chattanooga, Tennessee, are reported willing to purchase all of this year's production of the plant.

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Geographical Misconceptions

That Have Retarded The Development Of Canada

Partial knowledge and assumptions based on insufficient data have been responsible for many mistaken judgments and belief in obstacles that had no real existence. Evidence of this abounds in the pages of history, and the process of revising and rectifying long-established opinions continues with little sign of abatement. Until recently belief persisted that the interior of the island continent of Australia was a rocky and barren desert, where explorers ran grave risk of perishing miserably for lack of water. Now, with more extensive and accurate knowledge, the vast central region of Australia has assumed a widely different aspect, with many districts well adapted for productive use and with ample water resources, that only need to be tapped to make the wilderness blossom as the rose.

Canada is now undergoing a similar process, with the result that many obstacles to unification of interest, once deemed insuperable, are now disappearing in the light of better knowledge. Not so long ago men whose views were regarded as authoritative saw in the clay belt of North Ontario and in the so-called barren lands of the great Northwest barrier that doomed Eastern and Western Canada to perpetual isolation, one from the other. These imaginary barren and infertile tracts occupied an area amounting approximately to one-sixth of the total area of the Dominion. Until recently these ideas remained fixed convictions in the minds of most Canadians, accepted as hardships imposed by nature and incapable of more than alleviation to a limited degree. Gradually, through the penetration of these regions by the surveyors and prospectors of the topographical survey, it has increasingly become evident that the older conception is due for radical revision.

Officials and travellers, in the days when Central and Western North America were unknown quantities, often registered judgments for reasons that now seem ridiculous. A British official is said to have condemned the territory, now occupied by the states of Oregon and Washington, as worthless because the fish of one of its numerous streams would not rise to a favorite artificial fly. How the name "Barren Grounds" came to be applied to what has been proved to rank among the most fertile areas in the world, is contained in the account of the exploratory journeys of Henry Kelsey in the last quarter of the seventeenth century. Among that traveller's longest journeys one came between 1690 and 1692, when he journeyed from Fort Nelson on Hudson's Bay westward by way of the Hayes and Saskatchewan rivers. Undertaken primarily to investigate the fur trade possibilities of the country, its agricultural potentialities never seem to have dawned on him.

A thousand miles north of Kelsey's route, beyond the forested lands of the Canadian west and stretching to the Arctic Ocean and Hudson's Bay, are the Great Northern plains to which his descriptive epithet has been mistakenly transferred. The picture drawn by the explorers of today, remarks the Brandon Sun, reveals a tract of gently undulating country with lichens and mosses on the hills, and shrubs, flowers and grasses flourishing in the valleys. True, no trees grow north of the timber line, and certain areas lack vegetation. But the greater part of the region is so far from being barren that it actually supports at the present time, in addition to the fur-bearers, the great herds of musk-oxen, hundreds of thousands of caribou.

German Has Gargoyle Clock
Stettin, Germany, the home town of Otto Peltzer, the great run, has one of the most unique tower clocks in Germany. In the centre of its huge dial there is the terrifying face of a bearded man who every second roils his eyes from right to left like a bogey man. In his open mouth he holds a metal plate on which the day of the month is recorded. The clock bears the inscription 1736.

Calgary Flying Field
The City of Calgary has decided to purchase a flying field on the north hill, almost overlooking the Bow River. It affords an ideal jumping off place for aircraft. Weed inspection from airplanes is the latest device under construction by the Alberta government. Fields infested with stink-weed are conspicuously discernible from the air from their contrast with clean fields.



FOLKSONG AND HANDICRAFT FESTIVAL

This orchestra playing Ukrainian airs, the members of Ukrainian origin and arrayed in peasant costume of that country, made a great hit at the New Canadian Folksong and Handicraft Festival, held at the Royal Alexandra Hotel, Winnipeg, from June 19 to 23. Over 400 performers, representing different European nationalities, participated.

"Look here, why are you following me about all day?"

"For protection. My wife has threatened to beat me!"—Buen Hu, mor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1740

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The new German dirigible, LZ-127, may make a trip to East Asia by way of California.

Miss Mercedes Gleitze, London stenographer, failed in an attempt to swim the Irish Channel to Great Britain.

Assurances that representations made on behalf of the blind in Canada will receive government consideration has been given to a delegation of blind persons by Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance.

The King has approved the appointment of Sir John Middleton as Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of Newfoundland in succession to Sir William Allardice, whose term has expired.

The University of Wisconsin, at Madison, gave recognition to the attainments of its most celebrated former student, Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, by conferring the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Lindbergh arrived there by plane.

Fritz Von Opel's rocket car, the Rak-3, was wrecked, but not until it had attained a speed of 158 miles an hour. This is claimed as a world record on rails. There was no driver in the car.

England's most picturesque visitor, Sir Offi Atta, blue-black potentate of Akim Abukawa, has received from the King at Buckingham Palace the accolade of his new British knighthood.

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh carries a blanket public liability aviation insurance policy to the amount of \$100,000 on any aircraft piloted by him. The policy also covers him for property damage.

Fur-bearing animals in Ontario are growing scarcer each year, as frontiers of civilization move forward, it is indicated in a statement issued by the Department of Fish and Game, which shows that royalties received last year totalled \$112,762, compared with \$130,793 in 1926. With the trapping of beaver eliminated the amount is likely to be still smaller for 1928.

How Far Voice Will Carry

Depends On Atmosphere, Wind and Competing Noises

The distance to which a man's voice will carry depends upon many different circumstances. The condition of the atmosphere is one—damp will slow down the sound-waves, while a dry, crisp air will forward them easily. Wind is another factor—is the height of the speaker in regard to the number of objects, rocks and so on in front of him. The number of competing noises also has to be considered. Under ordinary circumstances, few voices will carry intelligibly over a couple of hundred yards, but this distance has been far exceeded with exceptionally favorable conditions. In the stillness of the frozen North, for instance a voice will carry for over a mile. And a song, as rendered from a mountain top, was once heard at a distance of four miles.

Question of Relationship

In a recent court case at Toronto, a nice question in relationships was propounded. The plaintiff, a woman, was testifying against a chauffeur. "Isn't he your brother-in-law?" she was asked by counsel. "Didn't you say he was?" "No, I said he was my husband's sister's husband's brother!" The counsel gave up any more questioning on this point.

It has been estimated that a hospital doctor walks an average of 16 miles a day in the course of his duties; a shop assistant eight miles; a waiter 12 miles, and a train conductor seven miles.

Raw recruits are probably so called because they are not accustomed to fire.



Maid: "Yes, the china will not last us over Sunday."—Kasper, Stockholm.

Farmers' Marketing Tour

Canadian National Railways' Tour To Great Britain and Denmark, 1928

(Continued.)

New experiences awaited us the following day when as guests of the Port of London we were taken to see something of London's handling facilities. It was not possible to see more than a small part, for the Port of London, in one year, handles merchandise to the value of hundred millions of pounds sterling. For example, the imports and exports passed through the port in 1926 totalled value \$3,500,000,000 and included 65,000,000 bushels of wheat. In the year 1926, 60,000,000 tons of shipping entered and left the port.

Walking through one set of showrooms, ten acres in extent, we visited the Ivory Room, where we were shown a mounted skeleton of one of the prehistoric mammoth tusks 11 feet long, weighing 163 pounds, and having an estimated age of 56,000 years. In the State Room \$525,000 worth of pepper was shown and an ostrich feather was a 29 inch weight deposited in a bath of mercury. The Wool Room contained a number of bales of Canadian wool stores in a single year 2,000,000 bales.

Another interesting warehouse was the Gold Room holding 26,000 small hide-bound kegs of iodine, every one worth \$500. The hide covering is necessary because of the rotting effect of iodine which destroys the wood kegs in a comparatively short space of time.

But the thrill of the day came when we explored a portion of the Port's wine vaults. Before descending to the cellars we were handed long iron tongs fastened to the end of a steward's tray, which had been used for 120 years. The temperature of the vaults never varies from 60 degrees, yet the only means of regulating it are incandescent lights and an amount of steam from the floor. Fumes produced on the roof of the cellars by the fumes of the wine is a curious characteristic.

In the brandy vaults this fungus is absent. Twenty-two thousand pipes connect the cellars with the cellars accommodated in these vaults which have twenty-eight miles of metal runways, apart from the vast stores of spirits contained in other vaults not included in the dry wine.

After this tour the air was cleared in a launch en route to the S.S. Minnewaska, where we were due to lunch as guests of the Port, under the chairmanship of the Director of Trade. The novelty of luncheon on this beautiful ship, surrounded by great liners from almost every country in the world, made a deep impression. This was followed a river trip back to London.

In the evening we were the guests of the Empire Marketing Union, at dinner in the Hyde Park Hotel and had an opportunity of learning at first hand the work which had been done by this organization to encourage the consumption of products produced within the Empire. The sum of five million dollars per year has been placed at its disposal by Parliament, further to assist in marketing Empire products.

The Board is a non-party body and includes representatives of the Dominions and Colonies. Agricultural research is also an important factor of work. The chairman on the executive committee was Lord Lovat, the Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions, who told us something of the work of the Board which was first set up by Sir Edward Mackintosh, chairman of the Imperial Economic Committee.

The next day's programme provided one of the most interesting features of our tour. After a visit to the Tower, a grim fortress which we entered with mixed feelings, for here and on Tower Hill presided some of the most renowned men and women of their day. Here we saw the Queen Mother, the Queen-headed; and here Lady Jane Grey saw the headless body of her husband carried past her on the morning when she knew that she was to die. This was followed by a visit to the Tower, Sir Walter Raleigh and the little Princes met their tragic fates, and though these things happened in the days gone by, one feels the Tower to be still. Even in our own day it was not clear as the place in which the spies in the Great War should meet their doom?

We were admitted by Yeomen of the Guard. "Beefeaters" we still saw the queen's guard, which was adopted in the time of Henry VII. We were shown the Bloody Tower where the bones of the two murdered Princes were found and the room (reconstructed) in which Sir Walter (reconstructed) wrote his History of the World.

In the White Tower we saw the chamber in which Guy Fawkes and his fellow-conspirators were held in 1605. Here too were the apartments occupied by Queen Elizabeth when she herself was a prisoner in the Tower. We saw the block and execution axes, one of which has a broad blade made of iron and the neck of a victim. And then how close to our Canadian heart it came, we saw the cloak on which Wolfe died on the Heights of Abraham.

In one of the strong rooms of the Tower there repose the Crown Jewels, including the crowns of King George and Mary, a display of treasure which is second to none.

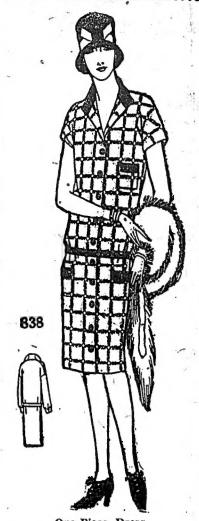
The Tower of London was built by William the Conqueror, and it is said that the site on which it stands was selected by Julius Caesar as a location for a fortress. One of the most interesting features of the Tower

is the portcullis, said to be the oldest in existence in working order.

On our way to the Tower we stopped at St. Paul's Cathedral, Sir Christopher Wren's masterpiece, owing to the逛ing operations on the piers which support the great dome, it was not possible to see its interior to advantage, most of it being boarded up and inaccessible. Thus, we did not see the crypt or enter the Whispering Gallery.

(To Be Continued.)

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



One-piece dress, closed in front in coat style, worn with convertible collar, forming revers. Drooping shoulders, forming short kimono sleeves. Long sleeves that are gathered into wrists and fastened with turn-back cuffs may be substituted. Patch pockets and removable belt. For ladies and misses.

Sizes 16, 18, 20 years; 34, 36, 38, 42, 44, 46 inches bust.

Skirt requires 2½ yards 40-inch material with long sleeves; ¾ yard 32-inch contrasting material to trim from view. Price 25 cents the pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 15 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size

.....

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.....

Nothing But the Best

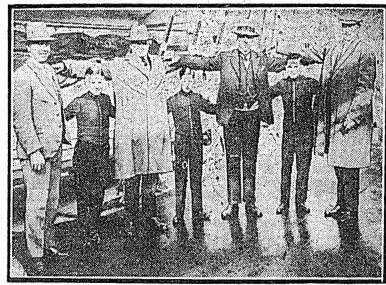
Out-at-the-heels but still luxuriously, Constantinople demands only the latest and newest models in automobiles. Some 11,000 second-hand cars are standing idle, waiting in vain for purchasers.

The Roman knew the onion, turnip, cauliflower, and cabbage, to which last vegetable they ascribed the quality of preserving them from drunkenness.

Cucumbers are said to have originated in India, and were known to have been introduced into China 200 B.C.

The carrot came from Greece, and the English name is derived from a Greek word meaning "root."

STALWART HEBRIDEANS



Three stalwart crofters, all over six feet in height, who left the Hebrides where they "scratch a bare living by tending sheep," to settle in Ontario. They reached Canada last week in high spirits. The picture shows some cabin boys comparing their stature with the settlers aboard the liner *Leilita*, on which the Hebrideans arrived in Canada.

RECIPES FOR THIS WEEK

(By Betty Barclay)

FRIZZLED BEEF FOR HOT DAYS

Melt butter in not frying pan, add dried beef, and stir until it browns andcurls. Add more butter for cream sauce. Add flour and stir until well blended. Add milk gradually until desired consistency is obtained. Stir to avoid lumps.

Use the proportion of 2 tablespoons of flour to 1 cup of milk. If the dried beef is too salty, soak for 10 or 15 minutes in cold water; drain thoroughly and dry by parting between folds of clean, dry cloth. Have dry before adding to melted butter. Serve on toast if you wish.

ORANGE AND RHUBARB SAUCE

2 pounds rhubarb.
2 oranges.

½ cups sugar.

1 tablespoon granulated gelatine.

1 tablespoon cold water.

Wash rhubarb, cut into inch pieces; peel oranges, removing membrane with peel, and cut in small pieces; put rhubarb, orange, and sugar in an earthenware or glass baking-dish, and bake about one hour. Dissolve gelatine in cold water, add to rhubarb mixture, and when cool, fill individual pastry shells with sauce, and decorate with whipped cream, forced through pastry bag and rose tube.

CAKE FROM MANY LANDS

COMMON VEGETABLES WERE NOT USED FEW CENTURIES AGO

Vegetables did not form part of a meal a few centuries ago, as they do today. In those days the dishes consisted mainly of flesh, fish or fowl.

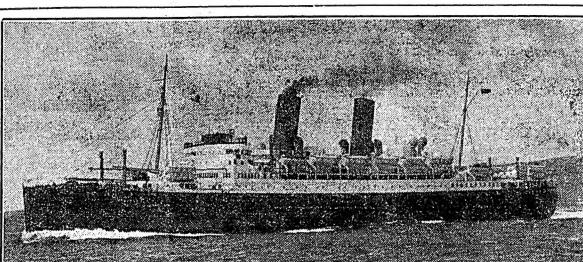
Potatoes were introduced into England by Sir Walter Raleigh from Virginia, over 300 years ago. They did not, however, come into general use till the beginning of last century, when they were—very wisely—always cooked in their skins.

The Romans knew the onion, turnip, cauliflower, and cabbage, to which last vegetable they ascribed the quality of preserving them from drunkenness.

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POPULARIZING THE ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE



The fast maiden voyage of the Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Bedford," just put into the service of the St. Lawrence route as the finest of a quartette of 20,000 ton Canadian Pacific steamers has caused wide attention to the increased popularity of the St. Lawrence route.

In addition to the "Duchess of Bedford," three other "Duchesses" will shortly be commissioned and this fleet of Cabin Class steamers will constitute the largest ships to call at

Montreal. Their time schedule is so arranged that it is now possible to breakfast in Liverpool on one Friday and in Montreal the following Friday—an unique service for the St. Lawrence.

Excellently appointed and furnished in Cabin Class travel and experienced travellers who have seen the new liner compare her accommodations very favorably with first class ships. Six hundred feet long, two-funnelled

Canada's Flying Clubs

Eleven Already Established and Ten More Being Organized

Hon. J. L. Ralston, Minister of National Defence, has opened the new flying field of the Granby Light Aeroplane Club, Granby, Que.

Canada now has 11 light aeroplane clubs, extending from Granby, Que., to Victoria, B.C., with ten others in process of formation. Fourteen more planes have already been allotted to these organizations by the Government under the conditions governing the issue of these machines. Additional to the Granby club, those already formed and with whom agreements have been signed by the Minister of National Defence are:

Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Ont., Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, Calgary, Edmonton, and Victoria, B.C.

Clubs in process of organization are located at:

Halifax, Saint John, Quebec, Kingston, Ottawa, London, Peterboro, St. Catharines and Walkerville, Ont.

Alberta Act Invalid

Privy Council Upholds Ruling Of Supreme Court of Canada

Both the appeal of Alberta and the counter appeal of the Dominion of Canada from a Supreme Court decision respecting the question of whether the right of the Crown upon intestacy is a provincial or Dominion right were dismissed without costs by the judicial committee of the Privy Council. The case involved the validity of the Ultimate Heir Act of the legislature of Alberta.

The judgment of the Privy Council upholds a ruling of the Supreme Court of Canada that the Ultimate Heir Act of Alberta is invalid. The Act provides that where a person dies without legitimate heirs, certain of the property goes to the University of Alberta.

Receives Large Salary

Chief Harpooner Earned \$80,000 In Nine Months' Whale Hunt

Few occupations tax the nerves of man more than whaling, but few occupations pay better. When the whale-hunting fleet recently returned from the Antarctic after a nine-months' cruise, the chief harpooner had earned a "normal" income of \$30,000. In addition to this sum he had a contract granting him \$20 for each whale he killed. During the nine months he killed 300 whale, and his extra income amounted to \$6,000. Hardly one man in a thousand may hope to be a really good harpooner. It is upon his ability that the result of the expedition largely depends, and though his profit may seem high, it is modest compared with the profit he brings to the expedition.

Changes Name Again

Peking Will Be Known As Peking Meaning "Northern Peace"

The nationalist government political council has decided to change the name of the historic Manchu capital, Peking, to Peking, meaning "Northern Peace."

The action is considered at Shanghai as an attempt by the Nanking government to destroy Peking's political importance and further that of Nanking, which they insist is now the National capital.

The announcement of the action of the council states "it is hoped Peking will continue as a centre of art and culture, but as a political centre it is dead."

Should Be Popular

Aerial tea parties every Friday afternoon throughout the summer have been arranged by the Imperial Airways, to enable Londoners and visitors to see the Metropolis from the air. A big 21-seater aeroplane will cruise above London for about 30 or 40 minutes, and tea will be served.



"Now, children, are you telling fairy stories?"
"No. We are discussing the divisibility of the atom and the statistics of bankruptcy!"—Lustige Kölner Zeitung, Cologne.

URGE WHOLESALE SOCIETY TO COVER ALL OF CANADA

Lloydminster, Sask.—By a unanimous vote the congress of the Co-operative Union of Canada in session here, went on record as being of the opinion that the time had arrived for the establishment of a wholesale society covering the whole of Canada. This is set out in a resolution passed which further urged co-operative wholesale societies to attach an official to their Montreal and Winnipeg depots who will assist in the development of the movement in Canada.

Another resolution was approved providing for the appointment of a committee to investigate the practicability from the view of economics, of a Canada-wide wholesale society, an organization for the three prairie provinces only, as well as other factors having a direct bearing on the whole question of consumer co-operation.

All co-operative marketing organizations throughout the Dominion will be issued a definite invitation to affiliate with the Co-operative Union of Canada. The importance of having the Wheat Pools affiliated with the Union was especially emphasized.

While the desirability of having all co-operative organizations linked up was stressed by different speakers on the subject, it also developed that the annual membership fee of affiliated bodies would help to solve the financial difficulties of the central office.

The resolution as passed follows:

"That the appeal be made to the societies that was made last year in order to increase the efficiency of the Union, and that the various co-operative marketing organizations be invited to affiliate with the Union."

One delegate put a motion suggesting that the fee of the wheat pools be placed at one cent per member. This motion however, was never put. One fraternal delegate representing the U.F.C., contended that it appeared that the invitation to the pools to affiliate was for the express purpose of financing the Union.

The only co-operative organization now holding membership in the Union is the United Grain Growers, it was stated by Secretary George Keen as a result of a question asked by J. H. Wesson, a director of Saskatchewan Wheat Pool. Mr. Wesson in reply to a question asked, said he did not think that the fact that the U.G.G. had membership in the Union could be considered an obstacle to the Pools becoming affiliated. He did not, however, give any indication that the pools would join.

A resolution asking enactment of legislation providing administrative machinery to insure furnishing annually, financial and business statistics of co-operative societies in their respective provinces was approved by the congress.

World's Dairy Congress Opens

Forty-Five Countries Represented At Conference In London

London.—Sixteen hundred delegates, representing 45 countries, assembled in London for the World's Dairy Congress under the auspices of the International Federation, whose president is the King.

Lord Desborough, president of the British Imperial Council of Commerce, presided. Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Canadian Minister of Agriculture, is representing the Dominion, while the delegates also include Lord Lansdowne.

The program is twofold, comprising presentation of technical and scientific papers, etc., and the visits to the dairy centres of England and Scotland.

Celebrates Anniversary

London.—The Duke of Connaught, former Governor-General of Canada, celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of his entry into the army by entertaining the members of the army council. The Duke, who recently observed his 78th birthday, enjoys wonderful health and retains a constant series of public and social engagements, although he has eliminated evening engagements.

Receives Promotion

Winnipeg—Robert Nelson Munroe, assistant division commissioner of Immigration for Western Canada, has been promoted to a post in the Dominion office at Ottawa, according to word received.

Wireworms Damage Saskatchewan Crops

Report Shows Activity Was Unusually Severe This Spring.

Regina.—The greatest damage done to Saskatchewan crops this year is by wireworms, according to the recently issued report of the Dominion Entomological Laboratory, Saskatoon, on insect conditions. Much of the damage attributed to cutworms is in reality due to wireworms, it is stated. "Wireworm damage appears to have been unusually severe this spring due to the prevailing dry weather, the use of much unreliable seed grain and the fact that moisture was sufficiently high to enable the wireworms to keep working on much of the seed and particularly the lower part of the stem," says the report. "A certain degree of recovery has been noted as a result of the recent rains, which however, may tend to lengthen the period of wireworm activity." The forest tent caterpillar infestation now includes an area in the Lloydminster-Maidstone District and the American tent caterpillar is unusually abundant in Western Saskatchewan.

Wrong Man Executed

Tragic Miscarriage Of Justice Reported From Germany

Berlin.—"We therefore have no doubt that this unfortunate man was condemned to death and executed for a murder of which he was completely innocent."

This is the sensational statement with which the Mecklenburg-Strelitz Ministry of Justice confesses to a shocked public a miscarriage of justice, which is described by Berlin newspapers as the most terrible in German history within the last 50 years.

The announcement was accompanied by the dramatic disclosure that four men on whose evidence the prisoner had been condemned have been arrested and have confessed that they themselves committed the crime for which this innocent man had suffered death.

Drowned When Car Plunges Into River

Accident Happened When Driver Took Wrong Turn In Fog

Charlottesville, P.E.I.—Three young people, all natives of Elliotville, P.E.I., were drowned, and two others narrowly escaped a similar fate, when a touring car took a wrong turn in the fog, and plunged into the river at Southport recently. The deceased and survivors were all brothers and sisters.

George Walsh had driven the car here from New York, and took his brother and sisters out motoring last night. They lost their sense of direction in the thick fog, and making a wrong turn, plunged over a wharf, into the river.

Search For Lost Continent

Expedition Has Left New York For the Azores

New York.—An expedition in search of traces of the supposedly "lost continent" of Atlantis has sailed for the Azores.

The expedition's ship, named the Atlantis, was designed by Columbus O'Donnell Iselin, 2nd, of New York, captain of the expedition, and is equipped with machinery invented by Iselin, which is expected to dredge the ocean bottom at a depth of three miles.

All Murders Are Solved

London.—Twenty-seven murders were committed in London last year, all of which were solved, according to a report by the Police Commissioner. Twelve persons were charged and ten murderers committed suicide, while one died in an asylum. The value of property stolen was \$2,821,000. Property recovered amounted to \$950,000.

Jews Promise Three Millions

London.—The Jews of the United States were pledged to raise annually a minimum of \$3,000,000 to make up for the next five years the annual budget for the rebuilding of Palestine as a Jewish-national home in accordance with the terms of the mandate of the League of Nations entrusted to Great Britain.

May Try Westward Crossing

Paris.—Another westward crossing of the Atlantic by aeroplane may be attempted early in July. The trans-Atlantic aeroplane of Maurice Drouhin and Joseph Lebrun should be ready before July 4. This flight will be a commercial venture. Lebrun said in a speech at Lyons.

Lord Plumer Vacating Post In Palestine

Has Held Position As Commissioner For Three Years

London.—Field Marshal Lord Plumer will shortly vacate the high commissionership of Palestine, which he has held since 1925. The Daily Express, in an article from its Jerusalem correspondent, says that the retirement will be brought about by Lord Plumer's differences with the British colonial office over the division of the cost of the Trans-Jordania force as between the British Esquadrado and Palestine. Palestine having already a budget deficiency of \$5,000,000.

Lord Plumer commanded the second army during some of the most important operations of the Belgian front in the war, in some of which the Canadian forces took part. He was specially mentioned for good work in connection with railway and forestry battalions. Lord Plumer, who is 74 years old, as a matter of fact, had Canadians constantly with him during the war and he also commanded men from the Dominions in the South African war.

RESEARCH WORK IN CANADA TO RECEIVE IMPETUS

Ottawa.—Industrial and scientific research work in Canada will receive impetus as a result of a visit to be made to Washington by Hon. James Malcolm, minister of trade and commerce, and Dr. Henry Marshall Tory, president of the national research council of Canada, who have returned to Ottawa. Mr. Malcolm and Dr. Tory obtained a bird's eye view of what is being done in the bureau of standards at Washington with the object to introducing the latest methods in Canadian laboratories, to be located in Ottawa, and with the purpose of co-ordinating research efforts throughout the Dominion.

Mr. Malcolm emphasized the fact that it is not the intention of the federal government to duplicate what is being done in the universities or provincial government laboratories in Canada, but rather to secure co-operation and eliminate overlapping. The national research council will assign Nova Scotia problems to the scientists of that province and to the experts of other provinces will be given the problems peculiar to their particular district. Financial aid will be given to scientists working in the various universities.

Plans for the new Canadian laboratories to be established on a ten acre site at the Dominion Experimental Farm, at Ottawa, are now in course of preparation and the government is confident the national research council, working in conjunction with the provinces and the universities, will accomplish notable work in connection with the economic development of Canada.

Refuses a Peership

Retiring Speaker Of British House Of Commons Does Not Desire Title

London.—Right Hon. J. R. Whitley, who retired last week from the speakership of the House of Commons, has intimated to the government that for personal reasons he does not desire to accept the peerage which it is customary to confer upon speakers on their retirement.

His refusal breaks a precedent which has been maintained for more than 130 years. Out of ten speakers of the House of Commons who relinquished office since 1802, seven have been created viscounts.



LAKE DROPPED TWO INCHES

An excellent official opening of the western lakes and rivers was made this spring when several guests of the Banff Springs Hotel commanded a big motor bus, for the five-mile journey to Lake Minnewanka where several good catches were made.

The best sport fell to G. Andrews, of Banff, who captured a thirty-pound lake trout after a long struggle. He practically swears that the water dropped two inches when the trout had been landed

PLANS SPEAKING TOUR

"Big Tim" Murphy Slain

Assassins Use Machine Gun Method To Finish Gang Leader

Chicago.—"Big Tim" Murphy, Chicago labor leader, was shot and killed at his home at 2543 Morse Avenue, in the exclusive Rogers Park district, by assassins who attacked him with machine guns.

An automobile parked on a side street a few hundred yards away threw its glare of lamps on the labor leader as he stepped from the basement doorway, his silhouette reflected by the basement lights.

In response to a call, "Who is there?" Big Tim was answered by the rat-a-tat-tat of a machine gun.

He fell into the area-way, his brother-in-law grabbing his body and dragging it into the bungalow dining room.

Mrs. Murphy returned home as the brother-in-law, Harry Diggs, brought her husband's body into the room. The former state representative and labor leader apparently was in the direct line of fire from the machine guns, as Diggs escaped injury. Diggs said he saw "four or five men in a big automobile."

A neighbor said he at first thought the firing was some kind of a premature Fourth of July celebration until he learned that Big Tim was shot.

May Merge Wireless and Cable Interests

Report Of Pacific Cable Conference Is Awaited

London.—The Evening Standard said that it understood an announcement was expected immediately to the effect that the government would approve a merger of wireless and cable interests. Consequently, Marconi stock rose a dollar a share on the stock exchange, and shares of Eastern Telegraphs were also active.

Pending report of the Pacific Cable Conference which has been meeting in London for some time, rumors have been spread of a huge merger of existing cable and wireless companies to take over from the various governments of the Empire the present system of Imperial communications. Canada is interested as a part operator of the Pacific cable system, the revenue from which has in recent years been unsatisfactory.

INFLUENCE OF WHEAT POOL ON WORLD MARKETS

Edmonton.—Tales of the success of producer co-operative livestock associations in the United States were unfolded before the Institute of Co-operation here by C. G. Randall, of the United States Department of Agriculture's division of co-operative marketing, Washington.

"Bigger and better livestock co-operation" was the topic of Mr. Randall. He outlined the progress of farmer co-operatives in the republics stating that their turnover last year exceeded two and a half millions.

Mr. Randall gave six reasons for success, guide posts to new standards of efficiency on the part of co-operatives; capable and efficient managers and employees; able and working board of directors; well informed active and supporting membership; proper financing and facilities for doing business; volume of livestock sufficient for economic operation; working program, embracing perhaps a research department.

"The greater control of our product, the greater control of our price," was the axiom laid down by George McIvor, general sales manager, Canadian Wheat Pool, in an address on "Functions of a Central Selling Agency." He expressed the desire to see every farmer in the West a pool member and was of the opinion that if the pool controlled 75 per cent. of the Canadian wheat crop (it now has 55 per cent.) it would virtually be able to control the Canadian price, having regard to world markets.

He remarked that the total of wheat traded upon the world market was \$600,000,000 bushels and when the Canadian pools handled 220,000,000 bushels, it could be readily seen what influence it already has on the world market.

"Some problems of management" were dealt with by E. B. Ramsey, of Winnipeg, manager of the Canadian Wheat Pool.

"There is no trick of management that can make up for a badly informed and disatisfied membership," said Mr. Ramsey. He added that when a communal concern failed, it was soon forgotten, while every co-operative that failed struck a blow at world co-operation.

BRITISH LABOR PARTY OPPOSES LARGE PENSION

London.—The customary pension of \$20,000 annually for retired speakers of the House of Commons was attacked in the House by the Labor Party, when Premier Stanley Baldwin moved a resolution granting the annuity to Rt. Hon. J. H. Whitley.

The official Labor Party amendment moved by Rt. Hon. J. R. Clynes would have made the pension \$5,000, but it was defeated by a vote of 234 against 103.

The resolution favoring the customary pension was then passed.

Mr. Clynes emphasized that the Labor amendment was not any attempt to minimize the value of Hon. Whitley's services as a speaker. He thought there existed a real case for revision of the emoluments attached to the speakership, in view of the heavy expenses in connection with the office. He proposed, however, that the pension of \$20,000 was unjustifiable.

Rt. Hon. Ian MacPherson on behalf of the Liberals supported the amount of the pension which he considered might be regarded as "deferred salary."

After a few speeches by Labor members the premier intervened and voted for an early decision without further discussion. He fully accepted the fact that reduction was moved on principle, but pointed out that the speaker, like the premier, was absolutely debarred from entering any business or seeking his own fortune.

The value of the pension today was much smaller than formerly, he added.

Jack Jones, Labor member from Silverton, promptly offered to retire on pension of even \$5,000 immediately.

Working For Disarmament

League Of Nations Has Made No Progress This Year

Geneva.—A last effort to accomplish something tangible toward disarmament before the League of Nations' annual assembly convenes in September has been begun by the League's security and arbitration committee.

No secret was made of the committee's belief that 1923, which was to be a banner year in disarmament accomplishment, has developed nothing to date.

The committee hoped to draft model security treaties for submission to the assembly as a basis for eventual disarmament treaties.

It had been admitted that a group of European nations will not disarm themselves until such security treaties have been effected—guaranteeing them against possibility of attack.

As a result, six model treaties of various sorts were drafted. The commission at its present meeting hopes to draft model treaties in their final form and submit them to the League for approval and action.

To Consider Kellogg Note

Japan Approves Of Latest Proposal To Outlaw War

Tokio.—The foreign office spokesman says that Japan was in complete accord with the latest proposal of Frank B. Kellogg, United States Secretary of State, for treaty to outlaw war. The cabinet was expected to meet soon, to consider the Kellogg draft, after which a reply would be sent. The spokesman said the government believed the proposed treaty did more to ensure the peace of the world than any similar document in history.

Registration Cancelled

Panama.—Treasury officials have announced that the registration of all ships flying the Panamanian flag which were found engaged in smuggling liquor on contraband into the U.S. had been cancelled. The ships affected were the Federal Ship, of Vancouver, B.C., which was seized more than a year ago by prohibition authorities on the West Coast of the U.S. and later released by court order, and the Chasma and the Haka-data.

Ambitious Project Planned

Regina, Sask.—According to a news dispatch carried by a local newspaper, a move is being made at Lethbridge, Alta., to pipe gas from the natural gas field in Alberta to Moose Jaw, Regina, Brandon and Winnipeg. No names are divulged, but it is alleged that a bond issue will be floated in New York to obtain the necessary financial backing.

The Farm As An Industrial Adjunct

Edison Thinks Farm Should Produce Something Besides Food

The common conception of the farm is that it is designed solely to produce those things by the consumption of which we are enabled to live. Having fulfilled that purpose, there is no other field or purpose for the farm.

But Thomas A. Edison advances a new thought in this connection. He says the farm should be made an industrial adjunct as well as a food producing medium. "We over-produce food," says Mr. Edison, "and prices are too low to give the farmers a profit. So the extension of non-food uses for farm products is a sound, practicable and important idea."

Just now Mr. Edison is experimenting with some hundreds of wild plants that will grow in various parts of this country, to test their rubber producing qualities. Up-to-date he has collected some 1,600 of these. The seeds of 1,400 will be shown in his experimental plot of nine acres. So far it has been found that 80 of our wild plants contain rubber. At least twelve of them, says Mr. Edison, will grow on the southern cotton lands without injury by frost. "Golden rod, plain golden rod that grows wild in nearly every state, is one of the best sources of rubber that I have found among native wild plants," he announced.

One does not have to go further to discover the basis of Mr. Edison's thought that some of the energies of the farmer will be turned in the future to the production of things that are needed in the industrial field. Some advance in that direction has been made in utilizing what used to be waste material of the farm. Straw makes paper and cellulose is obtained from corn stalks. And, of course, we do not eat cotton or flax. However, if Mr. Edison is going to encourage the farmer to grow golden rod for its rubber, we hope that he will be able to divest it of its propensity to spread hay fever sniffles.—The Buffalo Courier-Express.

A Great National Asset

Holiday Travel Has Increased Canada's Revenue By Millions

Holiday travel is taking a place with the Dominion's greatest national assets. According to government returns, revenue from vacationists in the Dominion grew from \$83,734,000 in 1920, to \$190,463,000 in 1926. It is estimated that in 1925 the favorable balance of tourist traffic, after deducting the expenditures of Canadians in other countries, amounted to \$100,420,000, representing an invisible export exceeded only by Canadian wheat and newsprint. In 1927 all the provinces recorded increases in travel over the previous year, and the total revenue according to the Dominion from this source is declared by the minister of the interior to have been approximately \$260,000,000. It is believed that this total will be doubled within the next ten years.—Regina Leader.

Toys For Bazaar Of Nations

Carved from wood by the toy-makers of Prague, Czechoslovakia, an assortment of quaint toys and trinkets have arrived at the Red Cross headquarters at Regina. They are to be shown at the Bazaar of Nations which is being held by the Saskatchewan Red Cross Society next autumn. The consignment includes a tiny menagerie of wooden ducks, turtles, rabbits and fish, and even minute wooden ladybugs. As quaint as the articles themselves is the voice in Czech which shows that a "shunek" is a ladybug and a "drevny kum" a wooden horse.

David Lloyd George first came into prominence when he campaigned against the Boer War in 1899.

Pale brown is the normal color of mourning in Persia.



Parson: "Don't you feel sorry when you condemn people to many years in prison?"

Judge: "What about you when you marry them?"—Tyrilians, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1740

CHINESE ARE NATURALISTS

Have Greater Knowledge Of Insects Than Any Other Country

Chinese folk have many odd ways of enjoying themselves and utilize many odd creatures and things to contribute to their ideas of pleasure. For instance it seems strange to the occidental mind that crickets should be cultivated and cared for because of their fighting powers and musical ability.

Of the many insects that are capable of producing musical sounds, writes Dr. B. Laufer, Curator of Anthropology at Chicago's field museum of natural history, first and foremost are the crickets who during the latter part of the summer and in the autumn fill the air with a continuous concert. They are well known on account of their abundance, their wide distribution, their characteristic chirping and the habit of many of them have of seeking shelter in human habitations.

The relation of the Chinese to crickets and other insects presents one of their most striking characteristics and one of the most curious chapters of culture-historical development. In the primitive stages of life man took a keen interest in the animal world. First of all, he closely observed and studied large mammals, and next to these birds and fishes. A curious exception to this almost universal rule is presented by the ancient Chinese.

They were more interested in the class of insects than in all other groups of animals combined; while mammals, least of all, attracted their attention. Their love of insects led them to observations and discoveries which still elicit our admiration. The curious life-histories of the cicadas was known to them in early times, and only a nation which had an innate sympathy with the smallest creatures of nature was able to penetrate into the mysterious habits of the silkworm and present the world with the discovery of silk. The cicada as an emblem of resurrection, the praying mantis as a symbol of bravery, and many other insects play a prominent role in early religious and poetical conceptions as well as in art, as shown by their effigies in jade.

In regard to mammals, birds, and fishes Chinese terminology does not rise above the ordinary, but their nomenclature of insects is richer and more colorful than that of most languages. Not only do they have a distinct word or even several terms for every species found in their country, but also numerous poetic and local names for the many varieties of each species for which words are lacking in English and other tongues.

Succeeded Too Well

"Step this way, ladies and gentlemen," barked the lecturer in the old dime museum, "and gaze upon one of the greatest wonders known to modern science! Thisossified man, a human being perfectly formed in every respect, but who has turned to stone!"

"How did he get that way?" came a voice from the awe-stricken throng.

"Love!" shouted the lecturer, then lowering his voice, confidentially, "Love did it. He fell in love with a very beauteous maiden, tried to make himself solid, and over did it!"

Canada's First Aircraft Show

The first aircraft show ever staged in Canada and one of the few ever held on the continent will be staged at the Canadian National Exhibition this fall. It was announced by exhibition officials. Details have not yet been worked out, but it has been decided that the show will differ from the aircraft exhibition recently held in Detroit in that it will be more in the nature of a propaganda to show aircraft are being used and can be used in Canada.

Preserved Her Memory

"How do you manage to remember so many things, Sarah?" inquired the mistress of her household. Then Sarah made reply with the infallible rule for memory training.

"I'll tell ye, ma'am," said she. "All my life I've never told a lie. And when ye don't have to be taxin' yer memory to be rememberin' what ye told this one or that one, or how ye explained this or that, ye don't over-work it, and it lasts ye, good as new, for ever."

"I want to send Mabel something for her birthday. Not candy or anything of that sort; but something that will always remind her of me. What do you suggest?"

"Why not give her a puppy?"

"My name's Cadgett—and yours?"

"Jones."

"H'm, I knew a fellow in my old home town by that name."

Illustration Stations

Total Of 195 Stations Are Now In Operation

The Illustration Stations Division of the Experimental Farm reports an increase for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1928, of 46 stations, bringing the total up to 195. From these stations last year there was sold to farmers in the vicinity of each 30,042 bushels of seed grain, 15,893 bushels of seed potatoes, 20,280 lbs. of grass and clover seed, 266 purchased bulls and heifers, 106 hogs, 165 sheep, 602 cockerels, 682 pullets and 1,528 settings of eggs.

These illustration stations have been chosen by Experimental Farm officials in districts where it is felt it will be of advantage to introduce in a practical way the work being done by the Experimental Farm. The owner of the farm continues to operate but does so under the supervision of an expert appointed by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. By this system each station becomes a centre for the growing and distribution of high grade seed, purchased live stock, and also as a demonstration station for the best type of cultural methods.

One of the outstanding accomplishments of the Illustration Station is the production of clover seed in British Columbia. The first clover seed ever produced in British Columbia was harvested last year at the Prince George and Salmon Valley stations.

Standardizing Honey

Preparing Grades For the Better Merchandising Of Product

The Dominion Department of Agriculture in co-operation with the handlers of honey are engaged in the preparation of grades for the standardizing of honey. It is intended that such grades apply first to the export trade.

Canada exports honey to the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Holland, Norway, Sweden, and the United States. These exports last year amounted to 1,568,712 pounds, which in four years is an increase of over 200 per cent.

Beeskeeping on a national commercial footing is practically a new industry but it is increasing by leaps and bounds. The honey crop in 1927 showed an increase of 77 per cent over 1926 and now stands at 23,647,281 lbs., valued at \$3,660,029.

The Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, has a number of interesting pamphlets on beekeeping which may be had on application.

Cattle Raising In Northern Alberta

Alberta's far north is making progress in cattle raising. Two hundred head recently brought into Edmonton from the Poupe Coups range, at least one hundred miles before being loaded on the cars at Wembley, and one lot raised 150 miles beyond Dawson Creek travelled 150 miles by trail.

Has No Finger Prints

Fifteen years dishwashing has equipped John Mond, Chinese, for a life of crime. John has been sentenced to two months for shoplifting. When the police went to take his fingerprints for their records they found he hadn't any. Fifteen years washing dirty plates in a local restaurant had totally obliterated all the markings on his finger tips.

The man who tells you the faults of others will tell others of your faults.

—C. E. Scott.—London Evening Standard.

Crusoe's Island Fruitful

A recent survey of Juan Fernandez Island, on which Alexander Selkirk, the reputed original of Robinson Crusoe, lived for four years, showed the island to be one of the most fruitful spots in South America. Every imaginable plant seems to grow on the island. One Frenchman was shipwrecked on the island forty years ago. He likes it so much that he refuses to leave.

General Manager of Radio Corporation of America declares that radio has saved the world \$60,000,000 in communication charges. But at what cost?

Fame Is Waning

Few First Places Left For Trans-Atlantic Flight

Whoever was sitting furthest back in Miss Amelia Earhart's aeroplane "Friendship" when it crossed the Welsh coast, was the 100th person to fly across the Atlantic Ocean. With the first flight by a woman, only a few secondary records remain to be made besides successive ones for distance, duration and speed. One is that of being the first woman to fly Westward.

Since Sir Arthur Whitten-Brown and Sir John Alcock made the first non-stop flight in 1919, fifteen persons have made similar air crossings planes.

Seventy-eight persons have flown across in airships and of these 29—the crew of the British R-34—have made the round trip. The R-34 made the round trip in five days.

Of the non-stop aviators, Lindbergh, Byrd, Chamberlain, Brook and Schles and Miss Earhart followed the trail blazed by Brown and Alcock. The Bremen flew Westward.

Six United States navy fliers crossed via the Azores, taxying on the water part of the way. Four United States fliers crossed via Iceland. Four crews of aviators have made the South Atlantic crossing since Captains Sacadura and Coutinho of Portugal showed the way in 1922—a flight listed in few reference books. They used four aeroplanes altogether in the flight from Lisbon to Rio de Janeiro, but they flew all the way.

Fish Of Northern Lakes

Study To Be Made This Year Of Finny Tribes In Waters Of Northern Alberta

The Fort McMurray Board of Trade recently initiated a movement to have an ichthyological and hydrographic survey made of Great Slave Lake and Lake Athabasca and their connecting and tributary waters. It is pointed out that while there have been surveys of nearly every kind in the north country a good deal of ignorance exists on its fishes. It is known that in Legend Lake there are landlocked salmon, and in Lake Athabasca six species of trout and three of whitefish, but a survey is requested to reveal accurately the territory's fish food and fish food.

Making Sacrifice Complete

Unexpected company had turned up just in time for dinner and Little Lucy was told privately that she and her mother would have to eat oyster soup without oysters.

The child was very flattered at her share in this splendid sacrifice to hospitality and was apparently disappointed when she found one small oyster in her portion.

Holding it up in her spoon she turned it to her mother and in a stage whisper inquired:

"Mother, shouldn't Mrs. Mop have been too?"

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INSECTS OF THE FLOWER GARDEN

Knowledge Is Necessary To Successfully Combat These Pests

While the loss in field crops annually from the depredations of insects is estimated to run into hundreds of millions of dollars, damage to garden crops is relatively no less serious. While the damage done in the fields and orchards may not be as apparent to the observer it is perhaps even more annoying when it is happening to roses, irises, daffodils, and many others of the beautiful crops of the flower garden which are continually under observation.

In combating the bugs and worms that work in garden crops, it is necessary to have some knowledge of their life history and habits. An observation of how the insects feed will help materially in deciding the proper remedy to apply. To assist gardeners to understand these matters the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, has issued Bulletin No. 99, entitled "Insects of the Flower Garden and Their Control," by Mr. Arthur Gibson, Dominion Entomologist. The author points out that injurious insects may be divided roughly into two classes by the nature of their mouth parts which indicate whether they destroy by eating the leaf substance, or by sucking the juices from within the leaves or stocks. Insects are further divided into beneficial and injurious, each of scores of the destructive ones is pictured and described and definite instruction given for its control. This bulletin, which is obtainable from the Publications Branch, of the Department, will be found particularly useful to rosarians who, at this season of the year, will find it recommended to treat the rose bud worm that does great damage not only to roses, but to delphiniums, the snapdragon, and the cumbine, by arsenical sprays and powders, also the aphides or plant lice that feed readily to sprays of dilute nicotine.

The speaker strongly condemned the general attitude of normal people toward the insane, pointing out that insanity or mental disease was no more of a disgrace than any other sort of disease. Thousands are now hopelessly insane because their parents, delayed taking them to mental experts when treatment might have been successful.

These insane have not a single symptom that the average person has not experienced, in a milder form. Delusions correspond to the prejudices which many tenaciously retain in the face of the most convincing proof that they are wrong. Negativism, doing exactly the opposite of what they are told is stubbornness intensified to the highest possible degree.

Relic Of Roman Era

Stone Sack Is Interesting Curio At Oxford Museum

Among the interesting curios to be found in the museum at Oxford, England, is a huge stone sack. It is carved as though fresh from a man's back; it bears the mark of a rope which once encircled it in two places, and has the usual pickets at the mouth, where the string once secured the opening. All over the stone can be seen the marks of the coarse sackcloth which once covered it. Its history is curious. Some years ago it was found up in the Thames below London Bridge, where it must have lain for centuries. Some workmen in the time of the Romans was carrying this sack of cement from a boat to the shore, when the burden slipped from his shoulders into the water. There, under the action of the water, it became solid, and as years passed away, the sack at last rotted off, leaving only the hardened cement within.

Rubber Trees Vary In Yield

Experiments with rubber trees in Haiti show a wide variance in the yields of trees. The experiments, which were conducted under Government direction, revealed a difference that ranged from less than a thousand cubic centimeters of milk for a single tree in a given period to more than 10,000 for another tree in the same period.

Putting It Strong

A colored preacher was trying to explain the fury of hell to his congregation.

"You all is seen molten iron runnin' out from the furnace, ain't you?" he asked.

The congregation said it had.

"Well," the preacher continued, "dey uses dat stuff fo' ice cream in de place what I'm talkin' about."

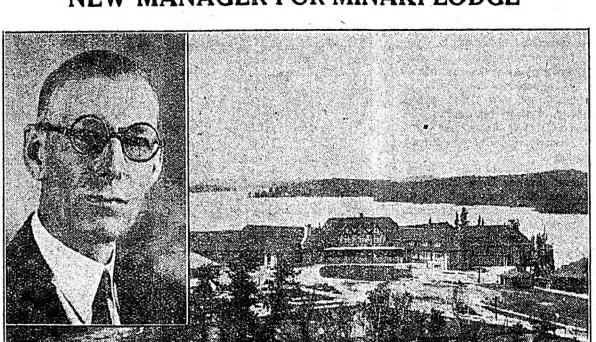
Six hundred chauffeurs in Panama are organizing to form a tourist agency.



"I am very nervous. I want a companion who will not answer me back."

"I have just what you want—a female telephone operator."—Rudy Blue, Paris.

NEW MANAGER FOR MINAKI LODGE



A. H. Mould (inset), has been appointed manager of Minaki Lodge, the summer resort of the Canadian National Railways in the Lake of the Woods district. The appointment of Mr. Mould is in keeping with the growing importance of this summer resort which, with its new main building and bungalows, is regarded as the finest east of the Rockies. A portion of the new main main building, the first tee of the golf course and a part of the tennis courts are shown in the photograph. Minaki opened for the season on June 23.

BIG STONE NEWS

Much water has fallen upon the land since the last items appeared from this prosperous district.

Mrs. J. M. Turnbull and family motored to Youngstown on Wednesday last week, where the boys enjoyed a ride on the hobby horses which were included among the attractions carried by the traveling circus which happened to be in town that day.

H. W. Cornwell took out a load of wheat Monday with his "four-in-hand" and found the roads quite spongy, as did also the writer of these items two days later. Old Dobbin can still be relied upon.

His Majesty's mail carrier, E. Hagey, has also joined the wheat haulers to Chinook. On his "off" days he substitutes wheat for mail, and finds it quite lucrative.

We don't know what system the rain-makers use in persuading the clouds to yield up, or rather down, their liquid juice, but Jupiter Pluvius certainly was on the job Saturday. He gave us all he had. At first he sprinkled it, then showered it, and finally gave us the whole contents of his reservoir. It was without doubt the best rain we have had this season.

Prior to the "deluge" on Saturday last Messrs. Barton, Paetz and Newgaard were hauling wheat with their trucks, making two trips a day. But now, nuf sed.

Our local bronco busters Ralph Newman and Ed. Stroh, can be seen in action each week end doing their stuff, in preparation for the real thing at the Calgary Stampede.

O. Y. Savage is blackening up the old Jack Reay place, with the assistance of his new man, Duncan Blane from Edinboro town.

Two travelling salesmen visited this district recently, selling suits and apparently suited several of our young bloods, judging by their smart appearance.

O. D. Harrington is doing a rushing business selling oats. Almost every day (except Sunday, of course) teams pass Government House on their way north to the Harrington domicile.

Owing to the damp weather conditions Mr. Middlemiss, student minister for this district, was unable to hold the usual services at Clover Leaf and Cando schools.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Falconer have visiting with them Mrs. Falconer's sister, Mrs. Beula Cole, nephew and niece, and Mr. and Mrs. Colby from Kalispel, Mont.

Several heavy laden trucks were mired in the Collholme district, en route to Chinook, during the recent flood.

Miss Vera Youngren, of Heathdale school, spent the week end under the parental roof, returning Tuesday morning to resume her duties. This school will not participate in the usual school holidays, much to the chagrin of the youngsters, and methinks to a few of the oldsters who find the big boy very useful at this season.

Chinook United Church
Sunday School 11 a.m.
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

Chinook Catholic Church
Service Second Sunday Every Month
Mass at 8:00 a.m.

CLASSIFIED ADS.
FOR SALE—Number of young pigs for sale. Wm. Martens, Chinook. WANTED—At once, trucks to haul 6000 bus. wheat. Phone L, Proudfoot, Chinook, No. 707.

LOST—Last week, south-west of Chinook, a 30x5 truck chain. Reward on returning same to L. Berry or at this office.

J. W. BREDIN
Licensed Auctioneer
FOR DATES
Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

The Navy League of Canada
(Alberta Division)

Mr. Fred Cooke, organizing secretary of the Navy League of Alberta, who has been in Chinook taking up subscriptions to Canada's National Magazine of Yachting and Shipping and donations for the Navy League, wishes to thank the citizens for their assistance, as they have subscribed about \$30 to the Alberta Division.

The Navy League of Canada assists the widows and orphans of our men of the merchant marine, as they do not receive government assistance. The Navy League supports Sailors' Homes and Institutes in all our large Canadian ports from coast to coast, and looks after the welfare of our seamen when ashore. The Navy League also trains boys and young men and makes better Canadian citizens of them.

The Alberta Division is required to raise \$8,000 as its quota to the \$250,000 budget of the Navy League, as authorized by the Dominion Council of the Navy League of Canada and hopes to raise this amount as quickly as possible with the combined assistance of our people throughout the Province of Alberta.

First Aid In Cases Of Poisoning

As with many other emergencies in life, the treatment of a case of poisoning is largely a matter of common sense, of keeping one's head, and of seeing that others do so too.

To send for a doctor is of course one of the first and most important steps to be taken in a case of poisoning. But a doctor may not be found at once and meanwhile life may go. It need not do so in many cases if the person in charge knows what to do. It is not expected that all should know the antidote to every poison, but all should know the general principles involved.

If it is a case of attempted suicide, no bottle, half empty or full should be thrown away. The same applies to vomited matter and anything else the doctor may want to see when he arrives. Do not leave the patient alone.

There are two general rules to follow. Get rid of the poison, administer the antidote.

If the poison has been taken by mouth, as it usually is, empty the stomach. Induce vomiting by tickling the throat or by giving an emetic of one tablespoonful of mustard to one half pint of warm water, or two tablespoonsfuls of salt to the same quantity. When the stomach is empty give the antidote. Although most antidotes are peculiar to certain poisons, there are some so called general antidotes.

One of these that can be had at a moment's notice is albumin in the form of the white of an egg. Give two or three whites in a glass of warm milk. Another general antidote is soap, which may be dissolved in four times its bulk of hot water, the patient being made to swallow the thick suds in large quantities.

Always remember that the patient may be on the verge of collapse and that the treatment must not be so heroic as to exhaust him unnecessarily. He should be warmly covered, allowed to drink plenty of barley water, and if throat and mouth are inflamed relief can be obtained by sucking gum.

"What do you go to church to hear, Maud—the sermon or the music?"

"I go for the hims."

NOTICE

All members of Collholme U.F.A. No. 508 who wish to purchase binder two co-operative, are requested to place their order with the secretary 10 Edwin B. Allen, Sec.-Treas.

Important Features..

Three series

16 enclosed models

4 wheelbase lengths

Salon Bodies

Twin Ignition motor

Air Craft type spark plugs

High compression

Bohmalite aluminum pistons
(Invar struts)

7-bearing crankshaft
(Hollow crank pins)

Houdaille and Lovejoy shock absorbers (Exclusive Nash mounting)

Torsional vibration damper

New double drop frame

Bijur centralized chassis lubrication

One-piece Salon fenders

Clear vision front pillar posts

All exterior metalware chrome plated over nickel

Shorter turning radius

Longer wheelbase

Easier steering

Body rubber insulated from frame

Biflex-Nash bumpers and bumperettes



Banner Hardware Co., Dealers, Chinook, Alta.

DR. HOLT

DENTIST

will be at the
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every
Thursday

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly
renovated, and new booths installed.

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks
and Candies. ICE CREAM

CHINOOK ALTA.



Mah Bros. Cafe

Good Meals at all Hours
Rooms in Connection

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Fruit,
Confectionery, Ice Cream
CHINOOK ALBERTA

Walter M. Crockett,

LL.B.,
Barrister Solicitor,
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Youngstown Alberta

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Coulters and Dicks Sharpened
Horse-shoeing and General
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK ALTA.

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat

1 Northern 1.18

2 Northern 1.13

3 Northern 1.06

Oats

2 C. W.47

3 C. W.44

No. 1 Feed42

Barley

.68

.65

.63

Rye

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Flax

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